

Election system for Constituent Assembly in 2008 and 2013



first vote: 240 direct
mandates (FPTP)

second vote: 335 seats
through party lists (PR)

26 nominations by Council
of Ministers

total number: 601

Guaranteed inclusion through PR system (2008 and 2013)

SN	Group to be represented		Percentage of candidate
	Women		50%
1	Madhesi	Women	15.6%
		Men	15.6%
2.	Dalit	Women	6.5%
		Men	6.5%
3.	Oppressed	Women	18.9%
	tribes/indigenous tribes	Men	18.9%
4.	Backward region ¹	Women	2%
		Men	2%
5.	Others ²	Women	15.1%
		Men	15.1%

CA election system and current system compared

2008 and 2013

first vote: 240 direct
mandates (FPTP)

second vote: 335 seats
through party lists (PR)

26 nominations by Council
of Ministers

total number of MPs: 601

current system

first vote: 165 direct
mandates (FPTP)

second vote: 110 seats
through party lists (PR)

total number of MPs: 275

PR system in 2017 and 2022 elections

13.8 % Dalit

15.3 % Madheshi

28.7 % Adivasi Janajati

6.6 % Tharu

31.2 % Khas Arya

4.4 % Muslim

Federal Legislature

The Federal Legislature consists of two Houses: **House of Representatives** and **National Assembly**

The Prime Minister as head of the Council of Ministers is elected by the House of Representatives

The **House of Representatives** has 275 members: 165 elected through the FPTP system and 110 elected through the PR system for 5 years (active franchise: 18 years; passive franchise 25 years)

The Members of the House of Representatives elect a **Speaker** and a **Deputy Speaker**

The **National Assembly** has 59 members: 8 from each of the 7 State and 3 nominated by the President on recommendation of the Government of Nepal (at least 1 woman), all nominated for 6 years (one third retiring every two years) (must have completed 35 years of age)

The 8 members from each State in the National Assembly are elected by an **Electoral College of the State** (among them at least 3 women, 1 Dalit and 1 representative of minorities or disabled persons)

The members of the National Assembly elect a **Chairperson** and a **Vice-Chairperson**

President

The President of Nepal is elected by an **Electoral College** (composed of the members of the Federal Parliament and the State Assemblies) for 5 years (must have completed 45 years of age)

The Vice-President is elected in the same way and has to be of different gender and/or ethnicity

Federal Executive

The executive power of Nepal is vested in the **Council of Ministers**

The **Prime Minister** as head of the Council of Ministers is elected by the House of Representatives

The Council of Ministers shall consist of not more than 25 ministers (including the Prime Minister as well as a Deputy Prime Minister, Ministers, Ministers of State and Assistant Ministers)

Elections to State Legislatures

The **State Assembly** is a unicameral legislature

60 % of MPs of the State Assembly are elected through FPTP system
(twice as many as elected from the state into the House of Representatives)

40 % of MPs elected through PR system

Right to vote: Every Nepali citizen of at least 18 years and residing in the respective state

Requirements for candidates: At least 25 years of age and residing in the respective state

Term of State Assembly: Five years

State Executive of Federal States

A **Governor** represents the Government of Nepal in each state: appointed by the President for 5 years (at least 35 years of age)

The executive power is vested in the **State Council of Ministers** that is responsible to the State Assembly

The **Chief Minister** as head of the State Council of Ministers is elected by the **State Assembly**

The State Council of Ministers shall consist of not more than 20 % of the total number of members of the State Assembly (including the Chief Minister as well as Ministers of State and Assistant Ministers)

Local political and administrative outline

77 Districts
(Jilla)

6 Metropolitan Cities
(Mahanagarpalika)

11 Sub-Metropolitan Cities
(Upa-Nagarpalika)

276 Municipalities
(Nagarpalika)

460 Rural Municipalities
(Gaunpalika)

6,742 Wards
(5-33 per local unit)

District Coordination Committee

(9 members chosen by the District Assembly from among the members of the (Rural) Municipal Assemblies of the district)

District Assembly

(all mayors/deputy mayors respectively chairs/deputy chairs of the district)

Gaunpalika/Nagarpalika Executive

(Chair/Mayor, Deputy Chair/Mayor and the Ward chairpersons, plus 4 women and 2 persons from Dalit or minority groups that are elected by the Gaunpalika/ Nagarpalika Assembly from amongst themselves)

(Rural) Municipal Assembly

(all elected ward members)

From each ward, voters elect four general members and a chairperson (altogether 6,742 *ward chairs* and 26,790 *ward members*) as well as the *mayor* and *deputy mayor* of the Municipality respectively *chair* and *deputy chair* of the Rural Municipality

Local election system

The residents of a **Ward** elect 5 representatives for 5 years:

A **Ward Chairperson**, a female representative, a female Dalit representative and 2 other persons

In addition: The residents of all Wards of a Gaunpalika/Nagarpalika elect a common **Chair/Mayor** and **Deputy Chair/Deputy Mayor**

All elected Ward members constitute the **Gaunpalika/Nagarpalika Assembly**

Chair/Mayor, Deputy Chair/Mayor and the Ward chairpersons constitute the **Gaunpalika/Nagarpalika Executive**; it also includes 4 women and 2 persons from Dalit or minority groups that are elected by the Gaunpalika/Nagarpalika Assembly from amongst themselves

All Chairs/Mayors and their deputies constitute the **District Assembly**

The District Assembly elects 9 persons from among the Gaunpalika/Nagarpalika Assemblies into a **District Coordination Committee**

Right to vote: Every Nepali citizen of at least 18 years and residing in the respective Ward

Requirements for candidates: At least 21 years of age and residing in the respective Ward

7 votes in local elections

S/N	Ballot-1 <i>Chair/Mayor</i>	Ballot-2 <i>Vice Chair/ Deputy Mayor</i>	Ballot-3 <i>Ward Chair</i>	Ballot-4 <i>Woman Ward Member</i>	Ballot-5 <i>Dalit Woman Ward Member</i>	Ballot-6 <i>Other Ward Members</i> (ballot should be marked in any two boxes for the two additional ward members)
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Ballot paper for local elections

गाउँपालिका/नगरपालिका निर्वाचन, २०७४

जिल्ला : सोलुखुम्बु

गाउँपालिका/नगरपालिका :

मतदाता क्रमसङ्ख्या : वडा नं.

मतपत्र सङ्ख्या :

मतदाताको सहीछाप

गाउँपालिका/नगरपालिका निर्वाचन, २०७४

क्रम	मतपत्र-१ अध्यक्ष/प्रमुख	मतपत्र-२ उपाध्यक्ष/उपप्रमुख	मतपत्र-३ वडा अध्यक्ष	मतपत्र-४ महिला वडा सदस्य	मतपत्र-५ दलित महिला वडा सदस्य	मतपत्र-६ वडा सदस्य दुई जना (दुई कोलमभित्रका कुनै दुई कोठामा मात्र मत सङ्केत गर्नुहोस्)	
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Ballot paper for local elections in Kathmandu

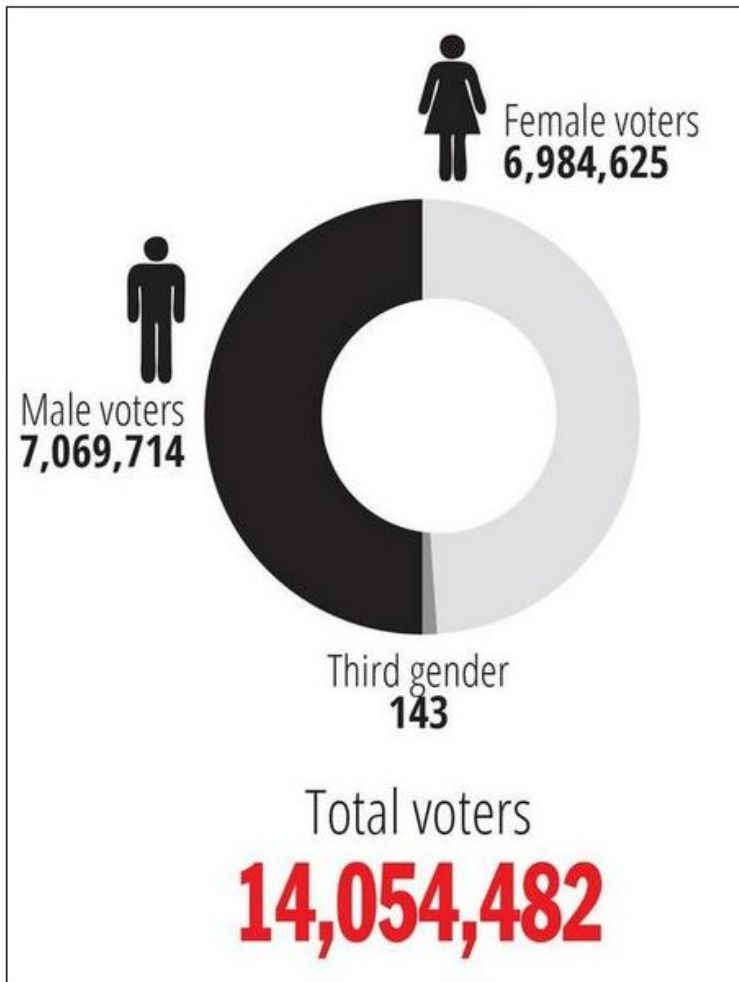
मतदानको सहीछाप

क्रम	मतपत्र-१ अक्षर / प्रमुख	मतपत्र-२ उपस्थित / उपस्थित	मतपत्र-३ चक्र / जलवायु	मतपत्र-४ माछा / चक्र / सफर	मतपत्र-५ मछिना / चक्र / सफर	मतपत्र-६ चक्र / सफर / सफर	मतपत्र-७ चक्र / सफर / सफर
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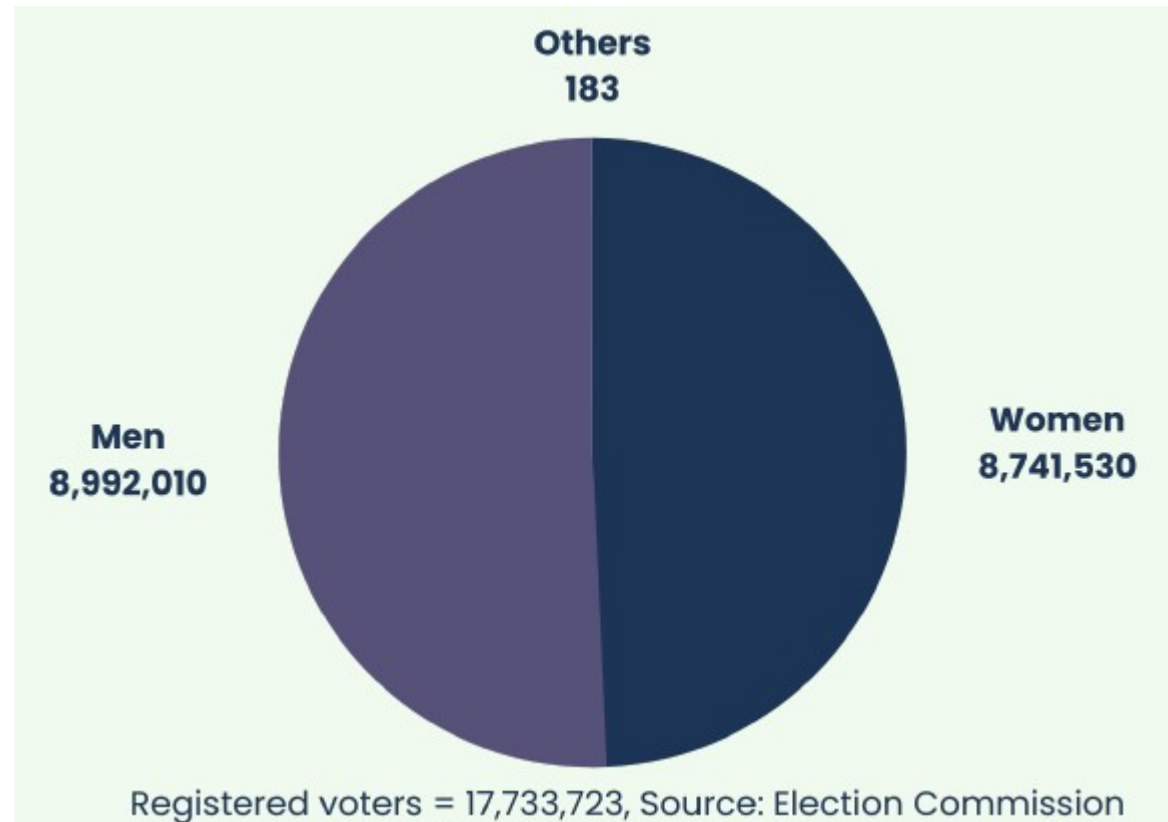
क्रम	मतपत्र-८ जलवायु / प्रमुख	मतपत्र-९ उपस्थित / उपस्थित	मतपत्र-१० चक्र / जलवायु	मतपत्र-११ माछा / चक्र / सफर	मतपत्र-१२ मछिना / चक्र / सफर	मतपत्र-१३ चक्र / सफर / सफर	मतपत्र-१४ चक्र / सफर / सफर
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Local elections – Gender of voters (2017 and 2022 compared)

2017



2022

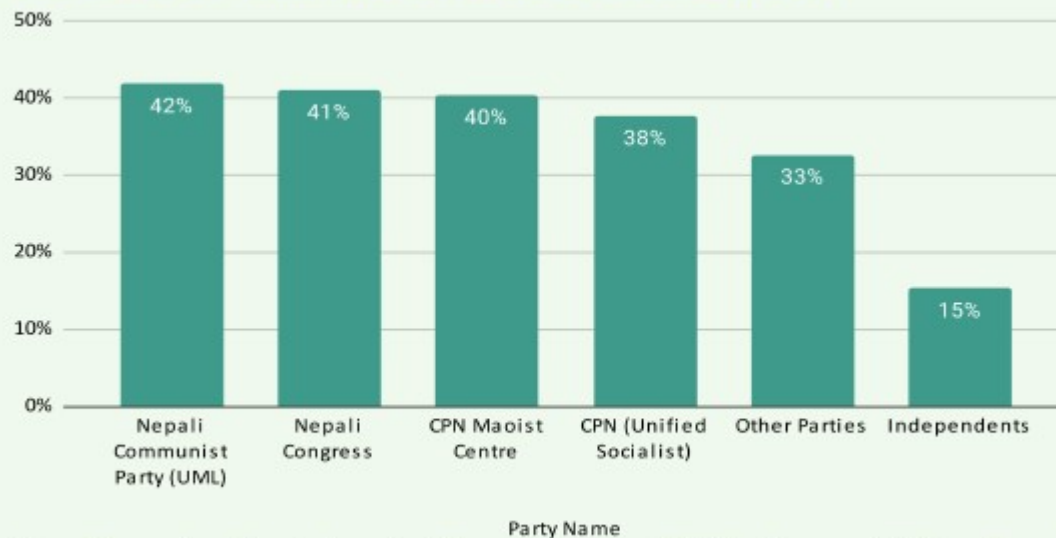


Local elections – Gender of candidates (2017 and 2022 compared)



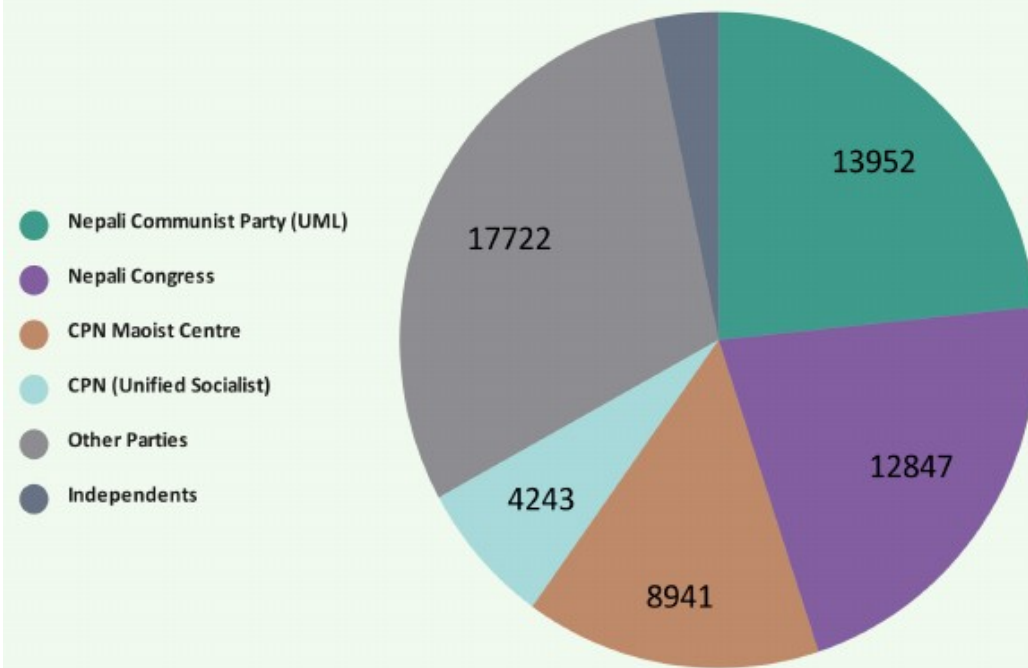
Local elections 2022 – Female candidates (by parties)

Percentage of Women contestants by political party

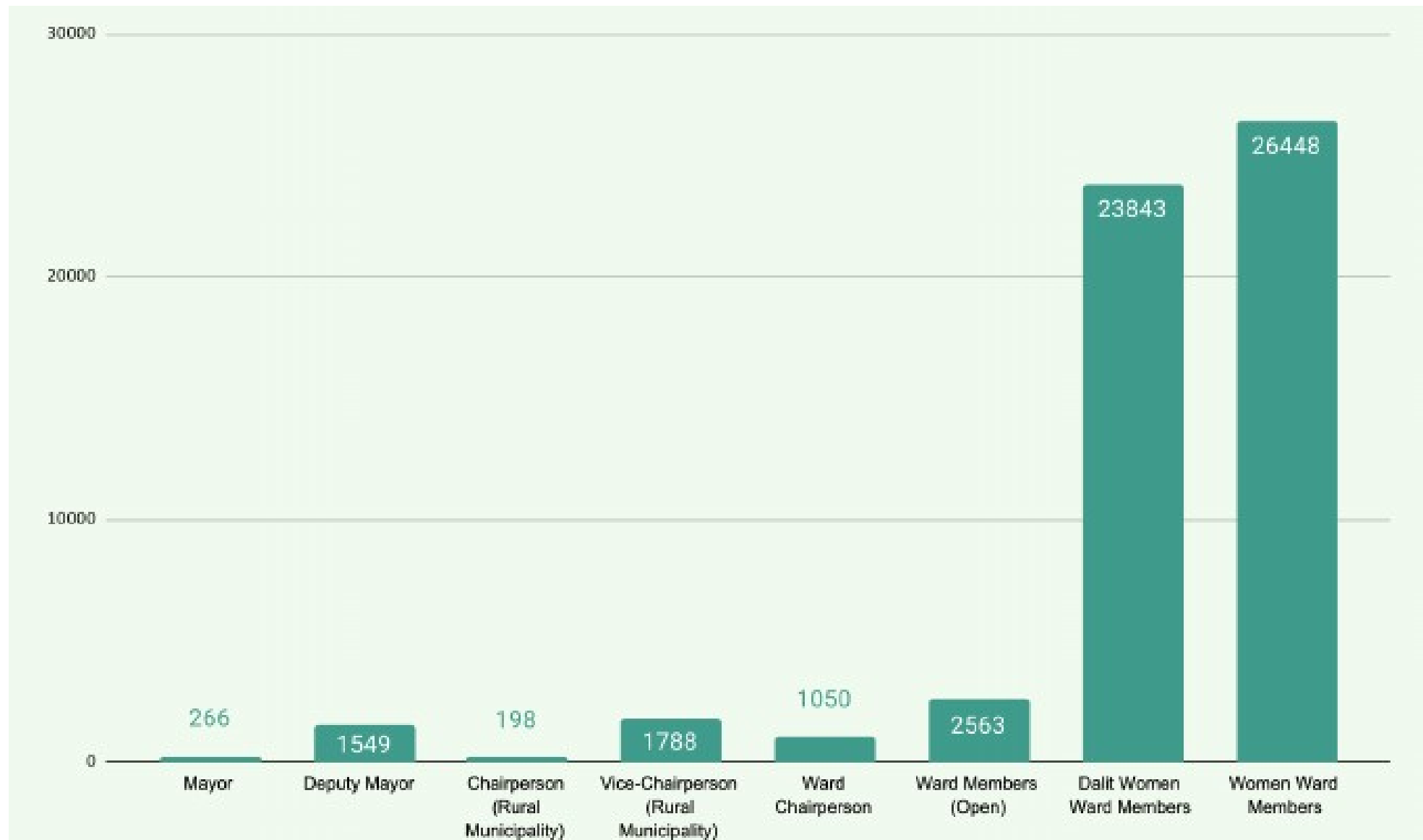


Note: The scale of Y-axis here is deliberately kept at 50% for better visibility of the chart.

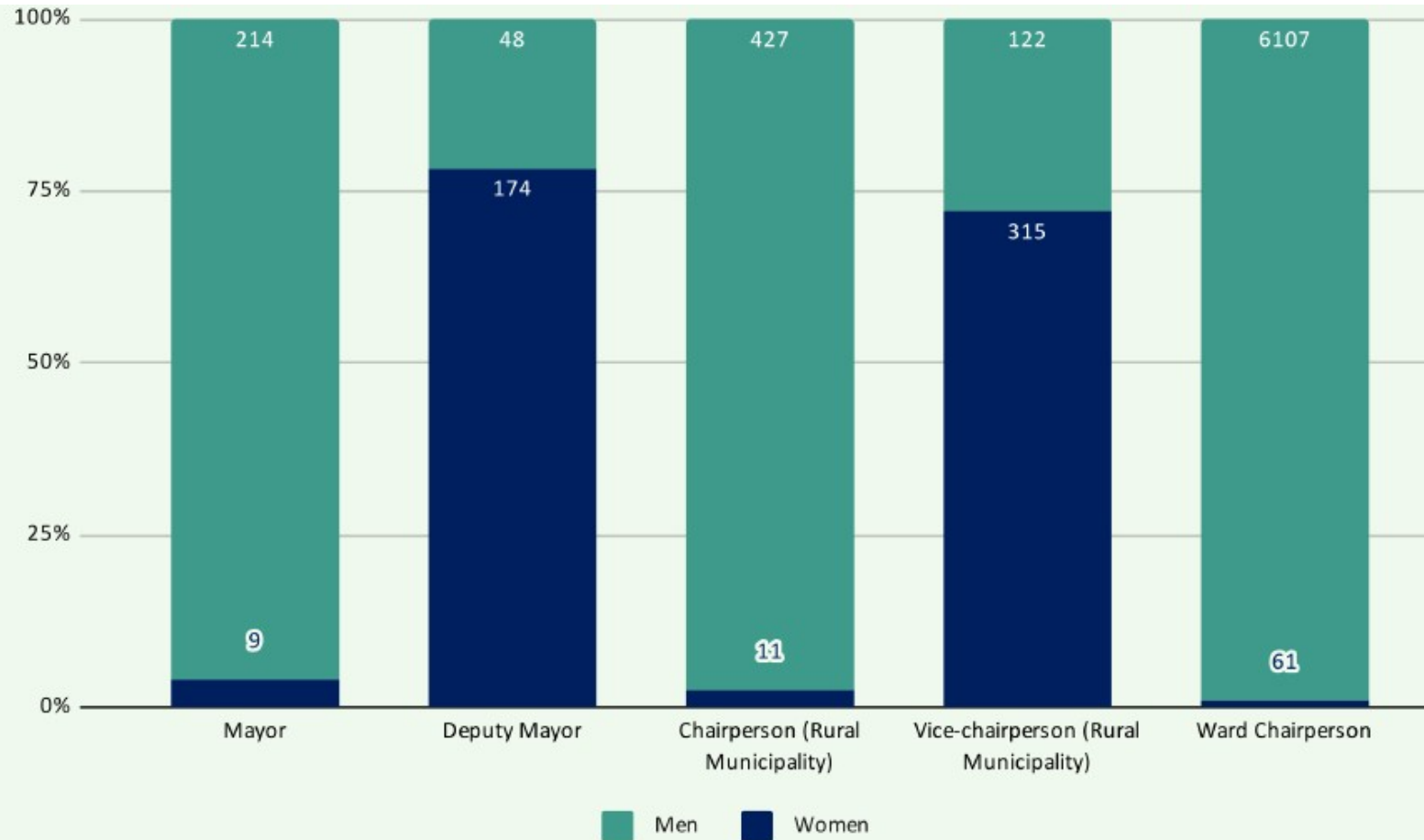
Women Contestants by Political Party



Local elections 2022 – Female candidates by post



Local elections 2022 – Women elected for leadership



4% women among Mayors of Metropolitans and Municipalities.

78% women among Deputy Mayors.

3% women among Chairpersons of Rural Municipalities.

72% women among Vice-Chairpersons.

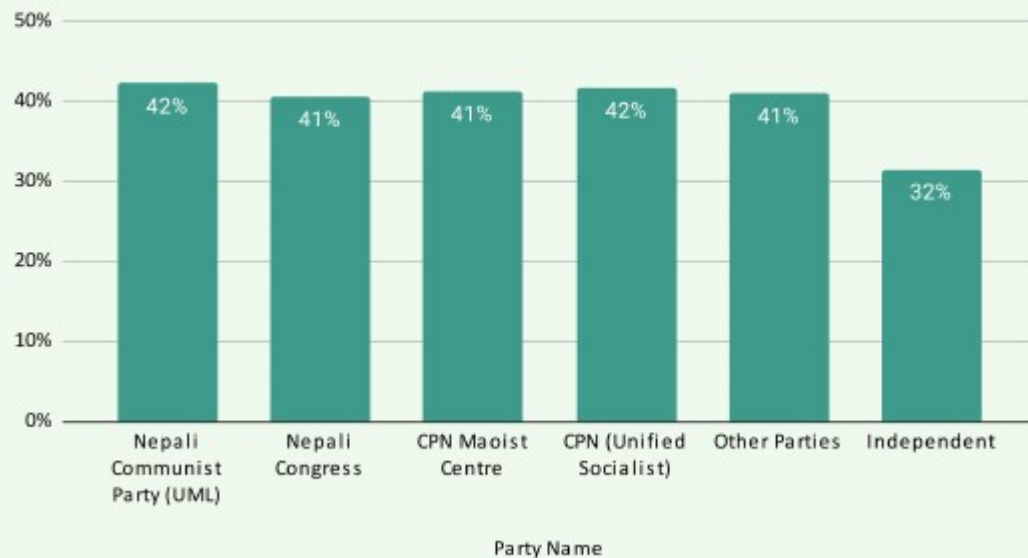
1% women among Ward Chairpersons.

Local elections 2022 – Women elected as ward members

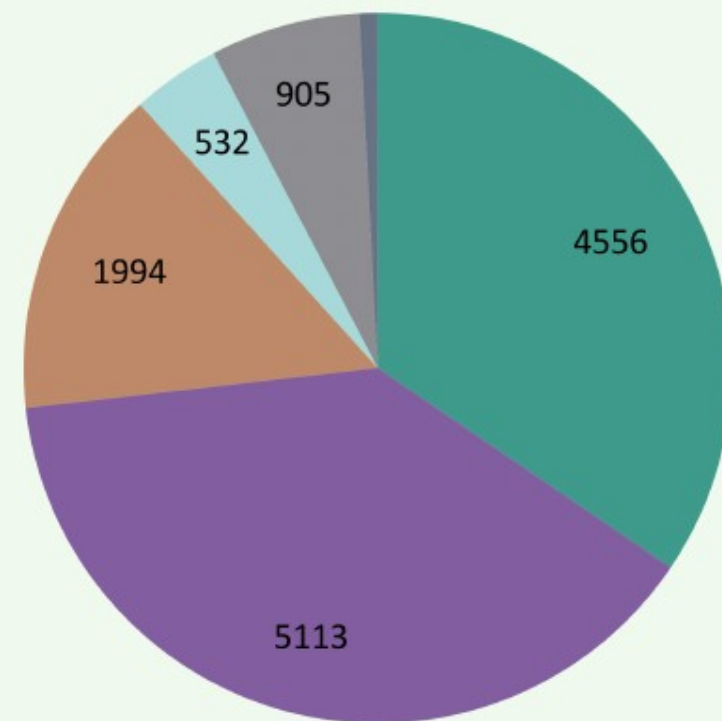


Local elections 2022 – Women elected (by parties)

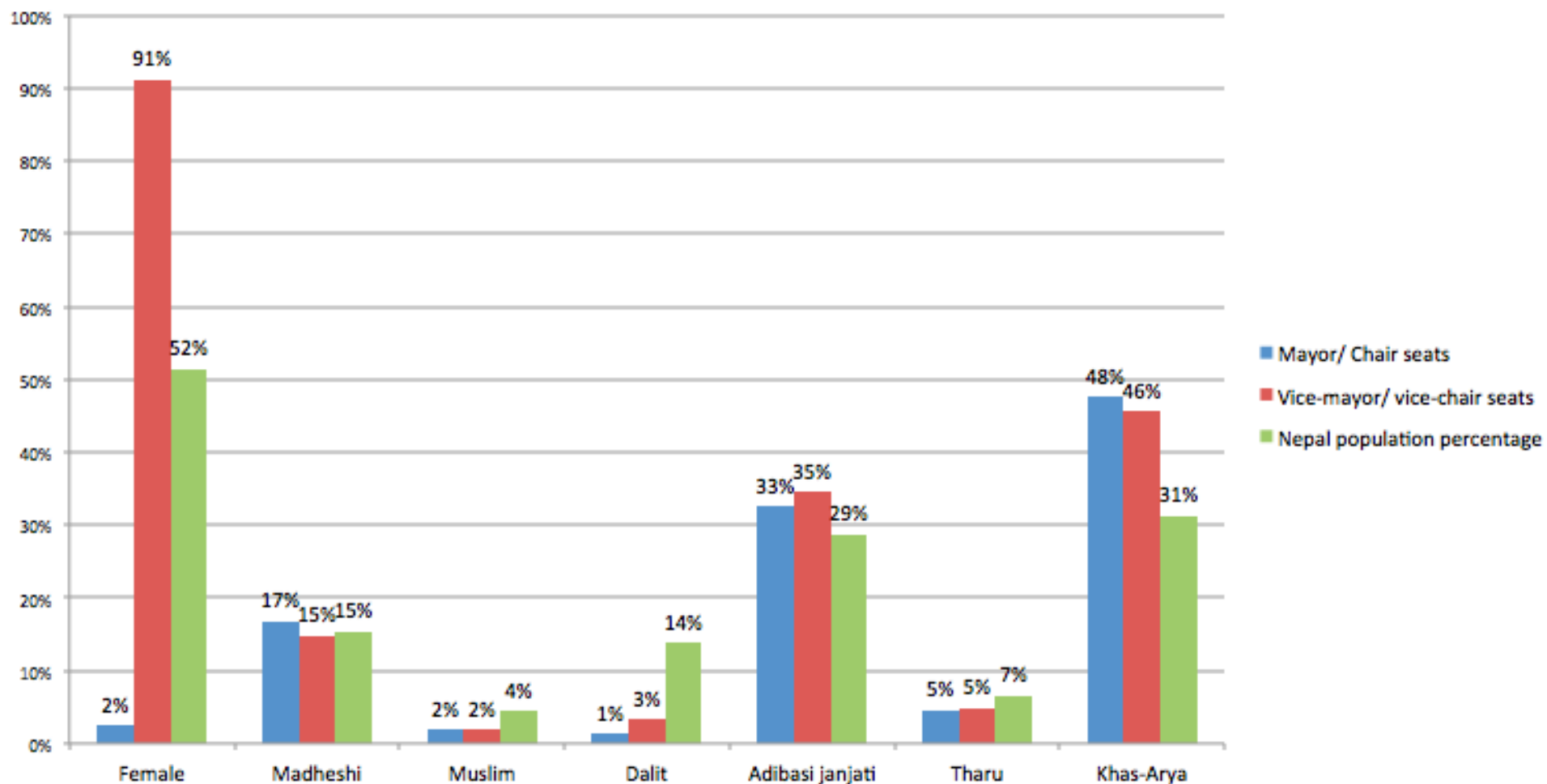
Percentage of Women Elected by political party



- Nepali Communist Party (UML)
- Nepali Congress
- CPN Maoist Centre
- CPN (Unified Socialist)
- Other Parties
- Independent



Inclusion in local units (2017)



HoR elections 2022

Party	Candidates		Female	Male	PR votes	Per cent	Difference to 2017	Seats	Seats May 2023
CPN (Unified Marxist-Leninist)	141	11	130	2845641	26.94	-6.31	78	79	
Nepali Congress	91	5	86	2715225	25.71	-6.97	89	88	
CPN (Maoist Centre)	46	8	38	1175684	11.13	-2.53	32	32	
Rastriya Swatantra Party	131	12	119	1130344	10.70	10.70	20	21	
Rastriya Prajatantra Party	140	8	132	588849	5.58	3.52	14	14	
Janata Samajbadi Party	79	7	72	421314	3.99	-0.96	12	12	
Janamat Party	54	2	52	394655	3.74	3.74	6	6	
CPN (Unified Socialist)	21	1	20	298391	2.83	2.83	10	10	
Nagarik Unmukti Party	30	3	27	271722	2.57	2.57	3	4	
Loktantrik Samajbadi Party	51	3	48	167367	1.58	-3.37	4	4	
Nepal Majdur Kisan Party	109	12	97	75168	0.71	0.12	1	1	
Rastriya Janamorcha	2	1	1	46504	0.44	-0.21	1	1	
Aam Janata Party								1	
Independents	867	77	790				5	2	
Other parties	650	75	575	430208	4.07	-3.14	0	0	
Total	2412	225	2187	10561072	100.00		275	275	

Elections for the House of Representatives 2022; The number of MPs has been updated on 9 May 2023

Social Inclusion in House of Representatives (2022)

Caste/Ethnicity	FTPE		Total (Percent)	PR		Total (Percent)	Total		Total (Percent)
	Male	Female		Male	Female		Male	Female	
Khas/Arya	91	4	95 (57.58)	8	27	35 (31.82)	99	31	130 (47.27)
Indigenous Nationalities	33	2	35 (21.21)	5	26	31 (28.18)	38	28	66 (24.00)
Madhesi	25	2	27 (16.36)	4	13	17 (15.45)	29	15	44 (16.00)
Dalit	1		1 (0.61)	7	8	15 (13.64)	8	8	16 (5.82)
Tharu	6	1	7 (4.24)	1	5	6 (5.45)	7	6	13 (4.73)
Muslim				3	3	6 (5.45)	3	3	6 (2.18)
Total	156	9		28	82		184	91	275
Percentage	94.55	5.45	165 (100.00)	25.45	74.55	110 (100.00)	66.91	33.09	100.00

Source: Dignity Initiative, 2022

Social Inclusion in House of Representatives (2022)

Population group	Share	FPTP male	FPTP female	FPTP total	FPTP per cent	PR male	PR female	PR total	PR per cent
Adivasi Janajati	35.3	39	3	42	25.5	6	31	37	33.6
according govt	28.7	33	2	35	21.2	5	26	31	28.2
Tharu share	6.6	6	1	7	4.2	1	5	6	5.5
Khas Arya	31.2	91	4	95	57.9	8	27	35	31.8
Madheshi	15.3	25	2	27	16.4	4	13	17	15.5
Dalit	13.8	1	0	1	0.6	7	8	15	5.5
Muslim	4.4	0	0	0	0.0	3	3	6	5.5
Male	49.0	156				28	82		
Female	51.0		9						
Total	100.0			165				110	

Population group	Share	Total male	Total female	Total	Per cent
Adivasi Janajati	35.3	45	34	79	28.7
according govt	28.7	38	28	66	24.0
Tharu share	6.6	7	6	13	4.7
Khas Arya	31.2	99	31	130	47.3
Madheshi	15.3	29	15	44	16.0
Dalit	13.8	8	8	16	5.8
Muslim	4.4	3	3	6	2.2

Social Inclusion (age) in House of Representatives (2022)

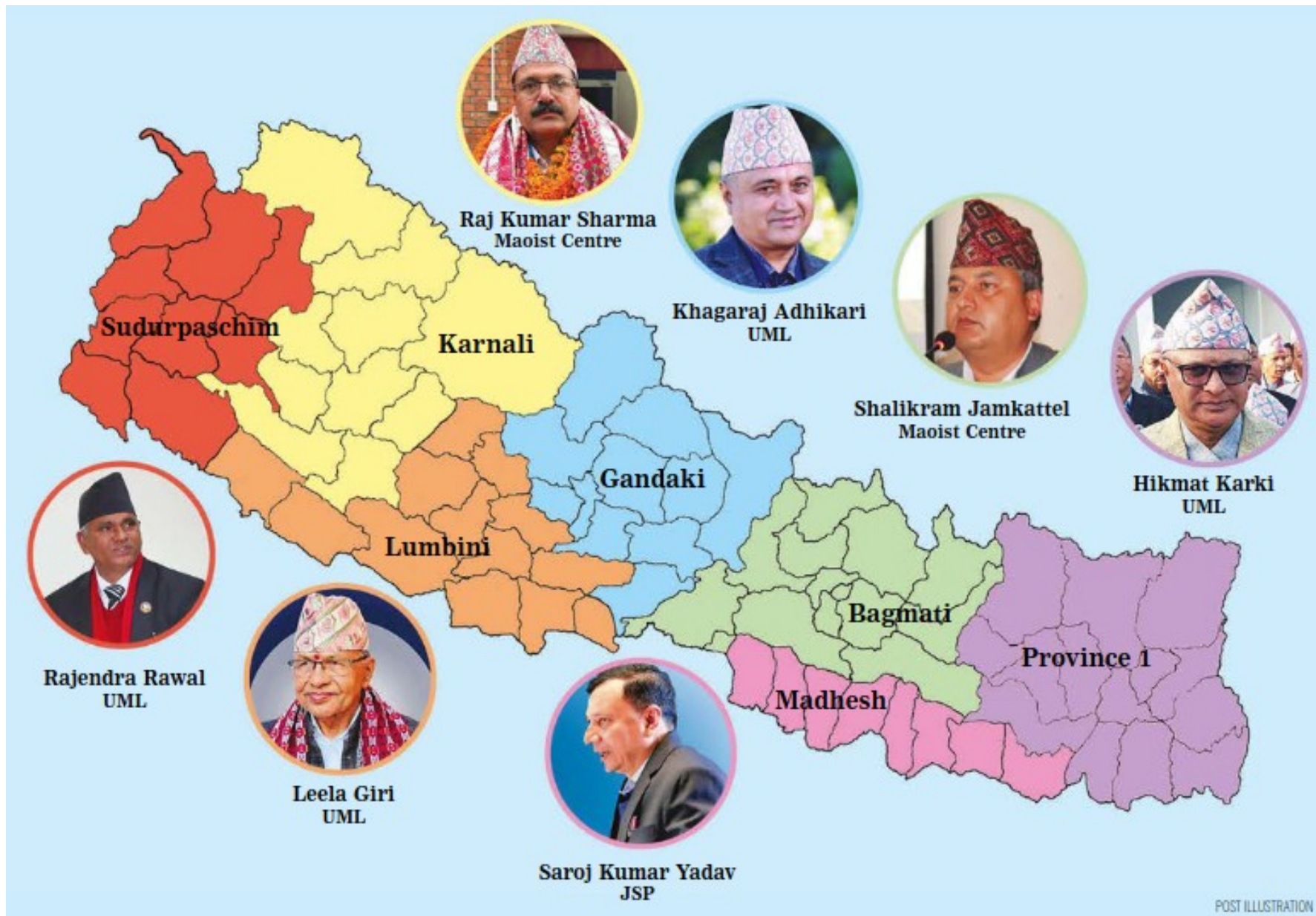
Age group	Share Census 2011	MPs HoR	Share of MPsHoR
Under 20	44,2	0	0,0
20-24	9,6	0	0,0
25-39	21,9	28	10,2
40-49	9,7	65	23,6
50-59	6,6	94	34,2
60-69	4,9	70	25,5
70-79	3,5	14	5,1
Above 80	0,8	4	1,5

Parties' strength in Provinces (2023)

NUMBER OF SEATS HELD BY POLITICAL PARTIES IN PROVINCES

	Province 1	Madhesh	Bagmati	Gandaki	Lumbini	Karnali	Sudurpaschim	Total
Nepali Congress	29	22	37	27	27	14	19	175
CPN-UML	40	23	27	22	29	10	11	162
Maoist Centre	13	8	21	8	9	13	10	82
Rastriya Prajatantra Party	6	1	13	2	4	1	1	28
Unified Socialist	4	7	7	1	1	1	4	25
Nagarik Unmukti Party		1			4		7	12
Janamat Party		13			3			16
Janata Samajbadi Party	1	16			3			20
Loktantrik Samajbadi Party		9			3			12
Nepal Majdoor Kisan Party			3					3
Rastriya Janamorcha					1			1

Chief Ministers in Provinces (January 2023)



Vice Speakers in Province Assemblies (January 2023)



Inclusion in National Assembly

